



# USDDWIN

## Smart Contract Review

Deliverable: Smart Contract Audit Report

Security Assessment December 2024

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## **Report Summary**

Title	USDDWIN Smart Contract Audit		
Project Owner	Dwin Intertrade Company Limited		
Classification	Public		
Reviewed by	Virtual Caim Private Limited	Review date	30/12/2024
Approved by	Virtual Caim Private Limited	Approval date	30/12/2024
		Nº Pages	25

## Overview

#### Background

Dwin Intertrade Company Limited's team requested Virtual Caim to perform an Extensive Smart Contract Audit of their 'USDDWIN' Smart Contract.

#### **Project Dates**

The following is the project schedule for this review and report:

- December 29: Smart Contract Review Started (Completed)
- December 30: Initial Delivery of Audit Findings (Completed)
- December 30: Final Delivery of Audit Report (Completed)

## Coverage

#### Target Specification and Revision

For this audit, we performed the project's basic research, investigation by discussing the details with the project owner and developer and then reviewed the smart contracts of USDDWIN.

The following documentation & repositories were considered in -scope for the review:

## Introduction

Given the opportunity to review USDDWIN's Contracts related smart contract source code, we in the report summary our methodical approach to evaluate all potential common security issues in the smart contract implementation, expose possible semantic irregularities between smart contract code and design document, and provide additional suggestions or recommendations for improvement. Our results show that the given version of smart contracts is ready to use after resolving the mentioned issues and done functional testing by owner/developer themselves, as there might be issues related to business logic, security or performance which only can found/understand by them.

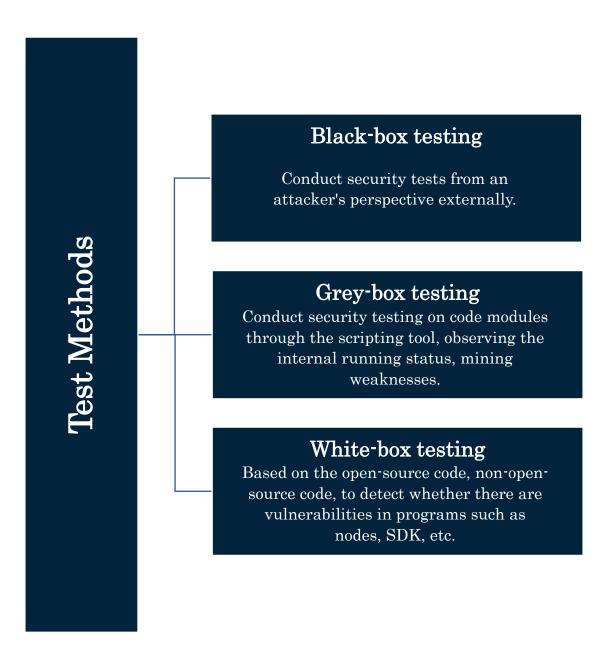
#### About Audit

Item	Description	
Issuer	USDDWIN	
Symbol	USDW	
Decimals	6	
Token Supply	0	
Website	NA	
Туре	ERC-20	
Language	Solidity	
Audit Test Method	Whitebox Testing	
Latest Audit Report	December 30, 2024	

#### Token Overview:

Item	Description	
Buy Fee	0-0%	
Sell Fee	0-0%	
Transfer Fee	0-0%	
Fee Privilege	Owner	
Ownership	Owned	
Minting	Yes	
Max Tx	No	

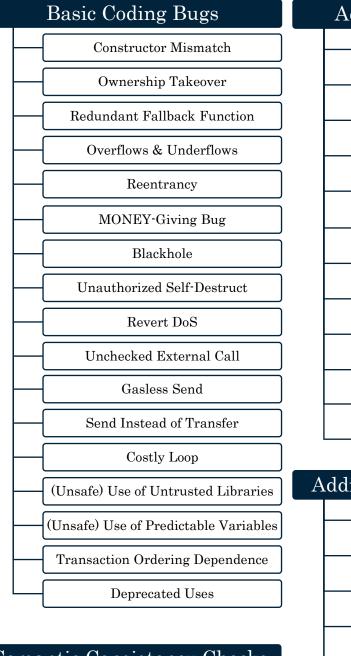
#### **Test Methods Information**

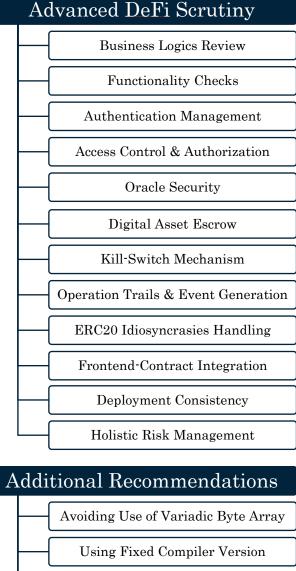


## Vulnerability Severity Level Information

Level	Description	
Critical	Critical severity vulnerabilities will have a	
	significant effect on the security of the DeFi	
	project, and it is strongly recommended to fix	
	the critical vulnerabilities.	
High	High severity vulnerabilities will affect the	
	normal operation of the DeFi project. It is	
	strongly recommended to fix high-risk	
	vulnerabilities.	
Medium	Medium severity vulnerability will affect the	
	operation of the DeFi project. It is recommended	
	to fix medium-risk vulnerabilities.	
Low	Low severity vulnerabilities may affect the	
	operation of the DeFi project in certain	
	scenarios. It is suggested that the project party	
	should evaluate and consider whether these	
	vulnerabilities need to be fixed.	
Weakness	There are safety risks theoretically, but it is	
	extremely difficult to reproduce in engineering.	

#### List of Check Items





Making Visibility Level Explicit

Making Type Inference Explicit

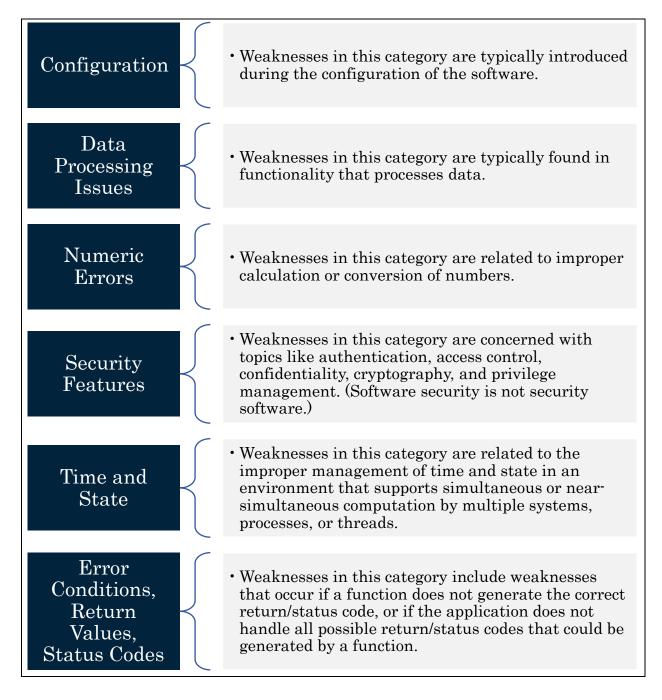
Adhering To Function Declaration Strictly

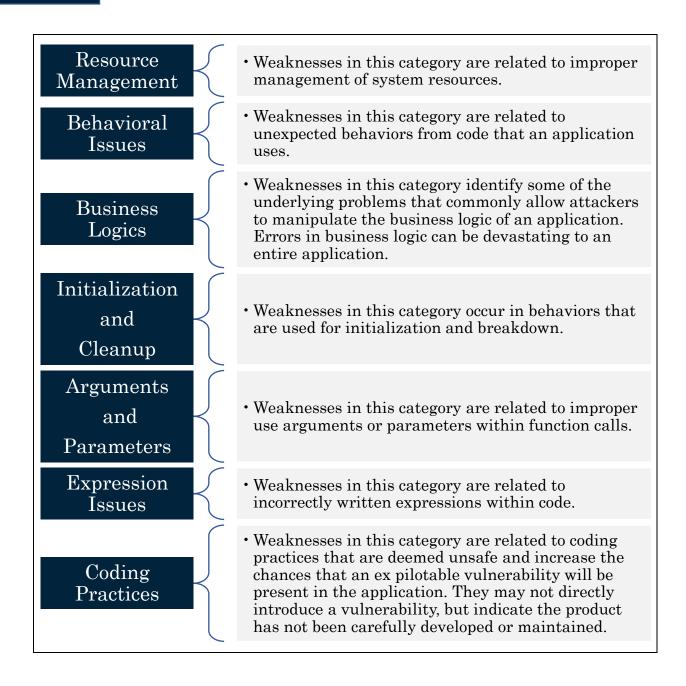
Following Other Best Practices

Semantic Consistency Checks

Semantic Consistency Checks

Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE) Classifications Used in this Audit.



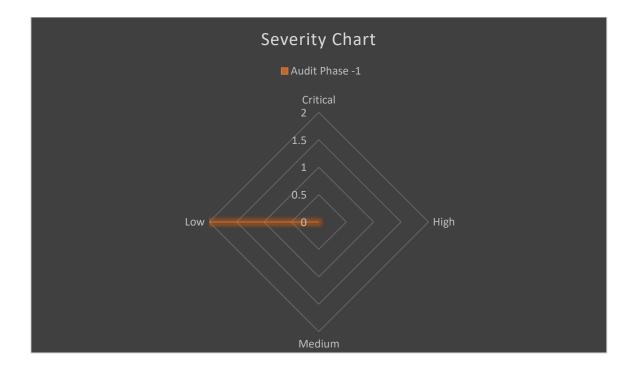


## Findings

#### Summary

Here is a summary of our findings after scrutinizing the USDDWIN Smart Contract Review. During the first phase of our audit, we studied the smart contract source code and ran our in-house static code analyzer through the Specific tools. The purpose here is to statically identify known coding bugs, and then manually verify (reject or confirm) issues reported by tools. We further manually review business logics, examine system operations, and place DeFirelated aspects under scrutiny to uncover possible pitfalls and/or bugs.

Severity	No. of Issues	Current Status
Critical	0	-
High	0	-
Medium	0	-
Low	2	2
Total	2 (Currently Open Issues)	



We have so far identified that there are potential issues with severity of 0 Critical, 0 High, 0 Medium, and 2 Low. Overall, these smart contracts are well-designed and engineered.

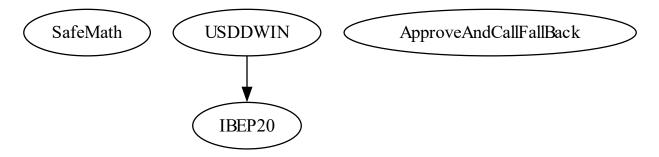
#### **Functional Overview**

(\$) = payable function	[Pub] public
# = non-constant function	[Ext] external
	[Prv] private
	[Int] internal

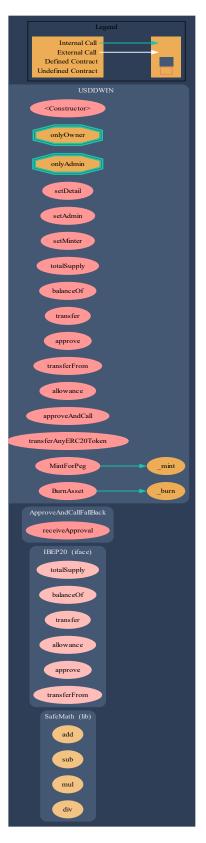
- + [Lib] SafeMath
  - [Int] add
  - [Int] sub
  - [Int] mul
  - [Int] div
- + [Int] IBEP20
  - [Ext] totalSupply
  - [Ext] balanceOf
  - [Ext] transfer #
  - [Ext] allowance
  - [Ext] approve #
  - [Ext] transferFrom #
- + ApproveAndCallFallBack
  - [Pub] receiveApproval #

- + USDDWIN (IBEP20)
  - [Pub] <Constructor>#
  - [Pub] setDetail#
    - modifiers: onlyOwner
  - [Pub] setAdmin #
    - modifiers: onlyOwner
  - [Pub] setMinter #
    - modifiers: onlyAdmin
  - [Pub] totalSupply
  - [Pub] balanceOf
  - [Pub] transfer #
  - [Pub] approve #
  - [Pub] transferFrom #
  - [Pub] allowance
  - [Pub] approveAndCall #
  - [Pub] transferAnyERC20Token #
  - [Int] \_mint #
  - [Int] \_burn #
  - [Pub] MintForPeg#
  - [Pub] BurnAsset #

#### Inheritance Tree



#### Graph for USDDWIN



### **Detailed Results**

#### **Ownership Privileges**

- $\succ$  The owner can set the minter.
- $\succ$  The owner can set the admin.
- $\succ$  The owner can set the details.

#### **Issues Checking Status**

- 1. Remove safe math library.
  - Severity: Low (Centralization)
  - Overview: The Safe Math library is no longer needed for Solidity version 0.8 and above. This is because Solidity 0.8 includes checked arithmetic operations by default. All Safe Math's methods are now inherited into Solidity programming.
  - Status: Open
  - POC:

```
library SafeMath {
    function add(uint a, uint b) internal pure returns (uint c) {
        c = a + b;
        require(c >= a);
    }
    function sub(uint a, uint b) internal pure returns (uint c) {
        require(b <= a);</pre>
        c = a - b;
    }
    function mul(uint a, uint b) internal pure returns (uint c) {
        c = a * b;
        require(a == 0 || c / a == b);
    }
    function div(uint a, uint b) internal pure returns (uint c) {
        require(b > 0);
        c = a / b;
    }
```

#### 2. Optimization

- Severity: Low
- Overview: It is considered best practice to pick one compiler version and stick with it. With a floating pragma, contracts may accidentally be deployed using an outdated.
- Status: Open
- POC:

pragma solidity ^0.8.9;

#### Automated Tool Results

Slither: -

USDDWIN.setAdmin(address) (USDDWIN.sol#123-128) should emit an event for: — Admin = _admin (USDDWIN.sol#125)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-events-access-control INFO:Detectors:
USDDWIN.setAdmin(address)admin (USDDWIN.sol#123) lacks a zero-check on : — Admin = _admin (USDDWIN.sol#125)
- Admin =domin (USUDWIN.SO(#120) USDDWIN.setMinter(address)minter (USDDWIN.sol#130) lacks a zero-check on :
USUUWIN.Sechinter(address)_minter (USUUWIN.sol#130) tacks a zero-cneck on : - Minter = _minter (USUUWIN.sol#132)
- minter = _minter (USUDWIN.SOL#132) Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slinter/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-zero-address-validation
Reference: https://jithub.com/cryiic/slither/wiki/betector-bocumentation#missing-zero-address-validation INFO:betectors:
Impuruetectors: Version constraint ^0.8.9 contains known severe issues (https://solidity.readthedocs.io/en/latest/bugs.html)
<ul> <li>Version constraint "4.0.9 contains known severe issues (https://solidity.readtnedocs.id/en/latest/bugs.html)</li> <li>VerbatiminyalidDedublication</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>FullInlinerNonExpressionSplitArgumentEvaluationOrder</li> <li>MissingSideEffectsOnSelectorAccess</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>nissingsider+ectsonselectorAccess</li> <li>AbiReencodingHeadOverflowWithStaticArrayCleanup</li> </ul>
- DirtyBytesArrayToStorage - DataLocationChangeInInternalOverride
- batalocationchangeinntermatovernoe - NestedCalldatArrayAbiReencodingSizeValidation.
It is used by: — ^0.8.9 (USDDWIN.sol#7)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity
INFO: Detectors:
Parameter USDDWIN.setAdmin(address)admin (USDDWIN.sol#123) is not in mixedCase
Parameter USDOWIN.setMinter(address)minter (USDOWIN.sol#330) is not in mixedCase
Function USDDWIN.MintForPeg(address.uint256) (USDDWIN.sol#229-235) is not in mixedCase
Function USDDWIN.BurnAsset(uint256) (USDDWIN.sol#237-245) is not in mixedCase
Variable USDDWIN.Permit (USDDWIN.sol#105) is not in mixedCase
Variable USDDWIN.ddmin (USDDWIN.sol#118) is not in mixedCase
Variable USDDWIN.Minter (USDDWIN.sol#119) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions
INFO:Detectors:
USDDWIN.Permit (USDDWIN.sol#105) is never used in USDDWIN (USDDWIN.sol#67-253)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unused-state-variable
INFO:Detectors:
USDDWIN.creator (USDDWIN.sol#72) should be immutable
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-immutable
INFO:Slither:USDDWIN.sol analyzed (4 contracts with 93 detectors), 13 result(s) found

#### **Basic Coding Bugs**

No.	Name	Description	Severity	Result
1.	Constructor Mismatch	Whether the contract name and its constructor are not identical to each other.	Critical	PASSED
2.	Ownership Takeover	Whether the set owner function is not protected.	Critical	PASSED
3.	Redundant Fallback Function	Whether the contract has a redundant fallback function.	Critical	PASSED
4.	Overflows & Underflows	Whether the contract has general overflow or underflow vulnerabilities	Critical	PASSED
5.	Reentrancy	Reentrancy is an issue when code can call back into your contract and change state, such as withdrawing ETHs	High	PASSED
6.	MONEY- Giving Bug	Whether the contract returns funds to an arbitrary address	High	PASSED
7.	Blackhole	Whether the contract locks ETH indefinitely: merely in without out	High	PASSED
8.	Unauthorized Self-Destruct	Whether the contract can be killed by any arbitrary address	Medium	PASSED
9.	Revert DoS	Whether the contract is vulnerable to DoS attack because	Medium	PASSED

		of unexpected revert		
10.	Unchecked External Call	Whether the contract has any external call without checking the return value	Medium	PASSED
11.	Gasless Send	Whether the contract is vulnerable to gasless send	Medium	PASSED
12.	Send Instead of Transfer	Whether the contract uses send instead of transfer	Medium	PASSED
13.	Costly Loop	Whether the contract has any costly loop which may lead to Out-Of-Gas exception	Medium	PASSED
14.	(Unsafe) Use of Untrusted Libraries	Whether the contract use any suspicious libraries	Medium	PASSED
15.	(Unsafe) Use of Predictable Variables	Whether the contract contains any randomness variable, but its value can be predicated	Medium	PASSED
16.	Transaction Ordering Dependence	Whether the final state of the contract depends on the order of the transactions	Medium	PASSED
17.	Deprecated Uses	Whether the contract use the deprecated tx.origin to perform the authorization	Medium	PASSED
18.	Semantic Consistency Checks	Whether the semantic of the white paper is different from the implementation of the contract	Critical	PASSED

#### Conclusion

In this audit, we thoroughly analyzed Dwin Intertrade Company Limited's 'USDDWIN' Smart Contract. The current code base is well organized and there were no issues found in this phase of testing of Smart Contract.

Meanwhile, we need to call attention to the fact that smart contracts are still in an early, but exciting stage of development. To improve this report, we greatly appreciate any constructive feedback or suggestions on our methodology, audit findings, or potential gaps in scope/coverage.

## About Virtual Caim

Just like our other parallel journey at eNebula Solution, we believe that people have a fundamental need for security and that the use of secure solutions enables every person to use the Internet and every other connected technology more freely. We aim to provide security consulting services to help others make their solutions more resistant to unauthorized access to data & inadvertent manipulation of the system. We support teams from the design phase through the production to launch and surely after.

The Virtual Caim is specifically incorporated to handle all kind of Security related operations, our Highly Qualified and Certified security team has skills for reviewing coding languages like Solidity, Rust, Go, Python, Haskell, C, C++, and JavaScript for common security vulnerabilities & specific attack vectors. The team has been reviewing implementations of cryptographic protocols and distributed system architecture, including in cryptocurrency, blockchains, payments, and smart contracts. Additionally, the team can utilize various to scan code & networks and build custom tools as necessary.

Although we are a small team, we surely believe that we can have a momentous impact on the world by being translucent & open about the work we do.

For more information about our other security services and consulting, please visit -- <u>https://virtualcaim.com/</u> & Mail us at - <u>audit@virtualcaim.com</u>